Name: Block: Date:

Study Strategy: Mnemonics

What is a mnemonic?

- a memory aid to help you remember larger amounts of information
- two common types of mnemonics: acronyms and acrostics

ACRONYM

 a new word created from the **first** letter of each word in a list

example: colours acronym

red, orange, yellow, green, blue, indigo, violet

ROYG.BIV

Now your turn:

create an acronym to remember the parts of an atom:

neutrons, protons, electrons

ACROSTICS

 a sentence where the first letter of each word is a clue to the things you need to remember in the list

example: directions acrostics

• north, east, south, west

never eat shredded wheat

Now your turn:

create an acrostic to remember the continents:

Africa, Antarctica, Asia, Au	ıstralia, Europe
North America, Soutl	n America

EXAMPLES OF ACRONYMS				Create your own OR ask a subject teacher for one to use in your class.
The five Great Lakes: HOMES	Stages of the cell division: IPMAT	For order of operations in math: BEDMAS	For trigonometry rules: SOH CAH TOA	
Huron Ontario Michigan Erie Superior	Interphase Prophase Metaphase Anaphase Telophase	Brackets Exponents Division Multiplication Addition Subtraction	Sin = Opposite Hypotenuse Cos = Adjacent Hypotenuse Tan = Opposite Adjacent	

EXA	Create your own OR ask a subject teacher for one to use in your class.		
The nine planets in order: My Very Educated Mother Just Served Us Nachos Mercury Venus Earth Mars Jupiter Saturn Uranus Neptune	The taxonomy categories in biology: King Phillip Could Only Find Green Socks Kingdom Phylum Class Order Family Genus Species	The Roman numerals: I Value Xylophones Like Cows Do Milk I 1 V 5 X 10 L 50 C 100 D 500 M 1000	